



Virtual 2020 CMHO Conference

Innovating and Advancing Child and Youth Mental Health

November 23 to December 4

Sponsored by



Ontario Centre of Excellence
for Child & Youth Mental Health
Centre d'excellence de l'Ontario en santé
mentale des enfants et des adolescents



2020 CMHO *Virtual* Conference



Building Stronger Bridges

Successful Transitions from Child Mental Health Services

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The Cleverley Lab partners with youth and caregivers to co-design research that will improve mental health service access, transitions, and continuity of care.

What hat are you wearing?

Polling Question

**Do you have personal
and/or professional
experience navigating
mental health care
transitions?**

Polling Question

**Are you aware of
resources to support
mental health care
transition?**

Polling Question

Objectives

- 1 Learn about a national study identifying priorities in youth mental health transitions with youth, parents/caregivers, and clinicians/administrators.
- 2 Understand the core components of successful mental health transitions prioritized by these stakeholder groups.
- 3 Discuss the implementation of core components through transition policies and interventions, including key tools and resources to support their adaptation in your context.

Overview

- 1 Why Transitions Matter
- 2 Core Components of Transitions
- 3 Identifying Core Components
- 4 Operationalizing Core Components
- 5 What's Next?

Uncomplicated

A youth

Longitudinal Youth in
Transition Study

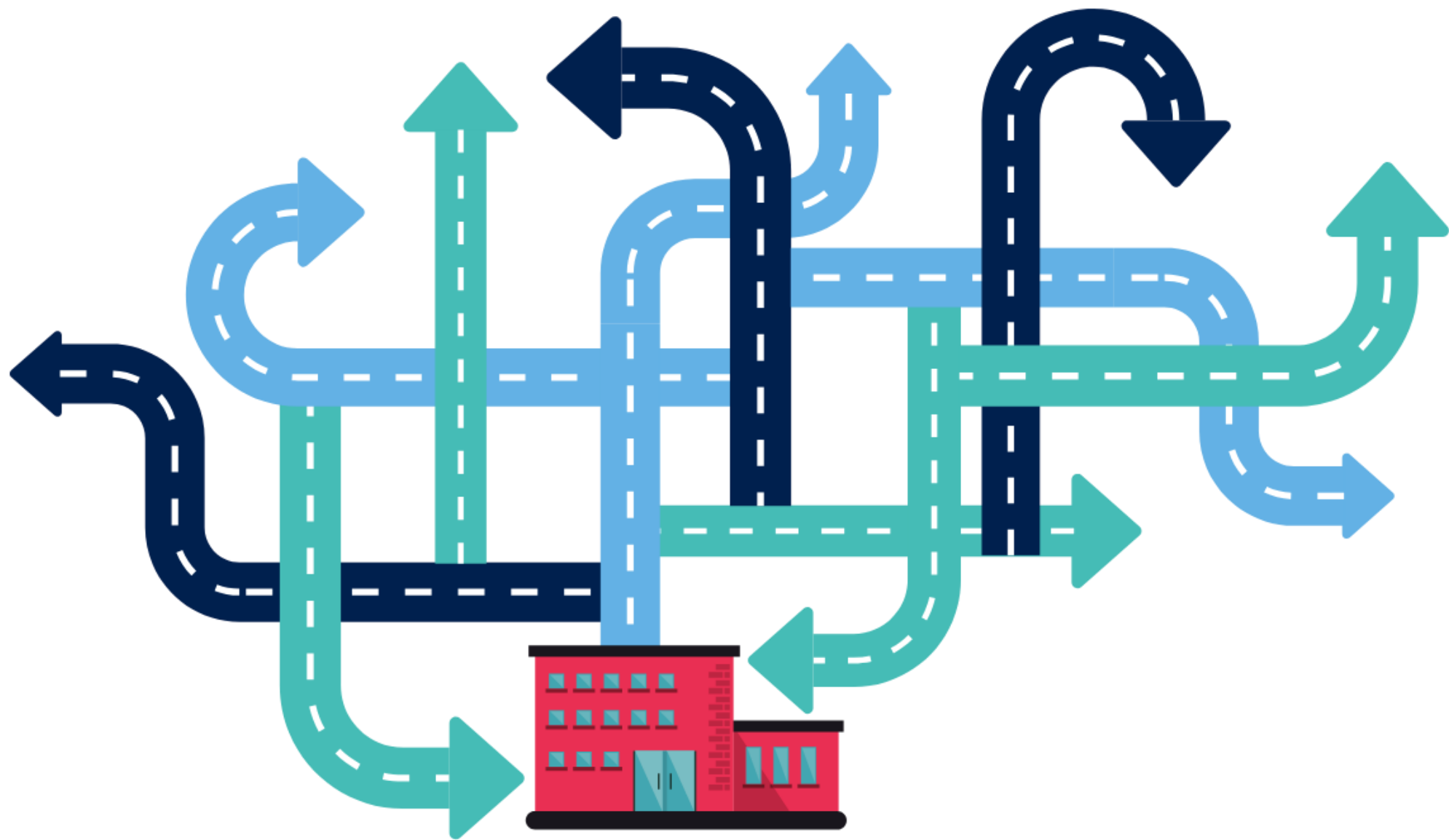
National Delphi Study

Navigator Evaluation
Advancing Transitions

Mental Health for Post-
Secondary Students

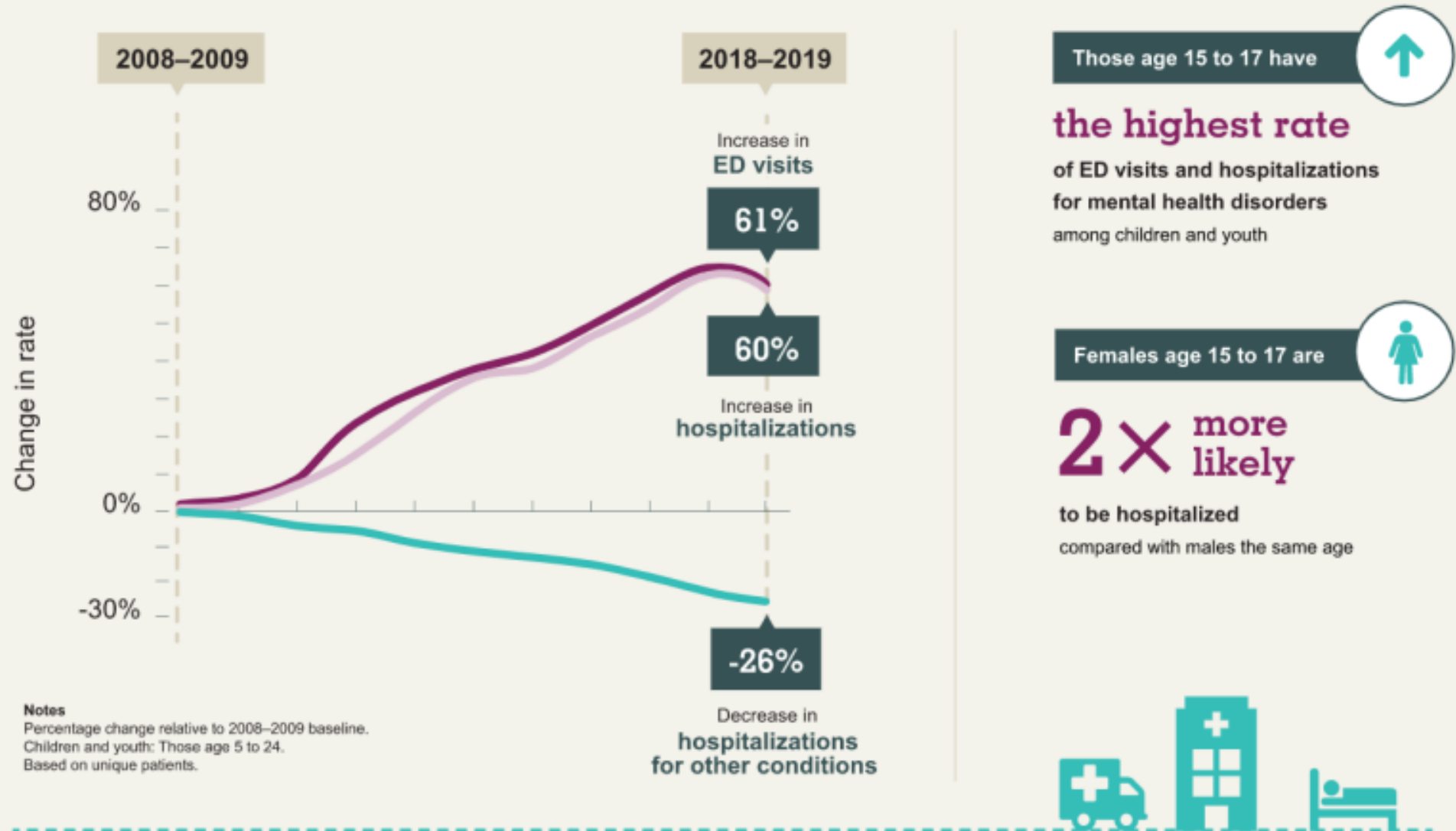
Seamless transitions, continuous care.

A system that works for everybody.





Hospital use for mental disorders by children and youth has changed over the past 10 years

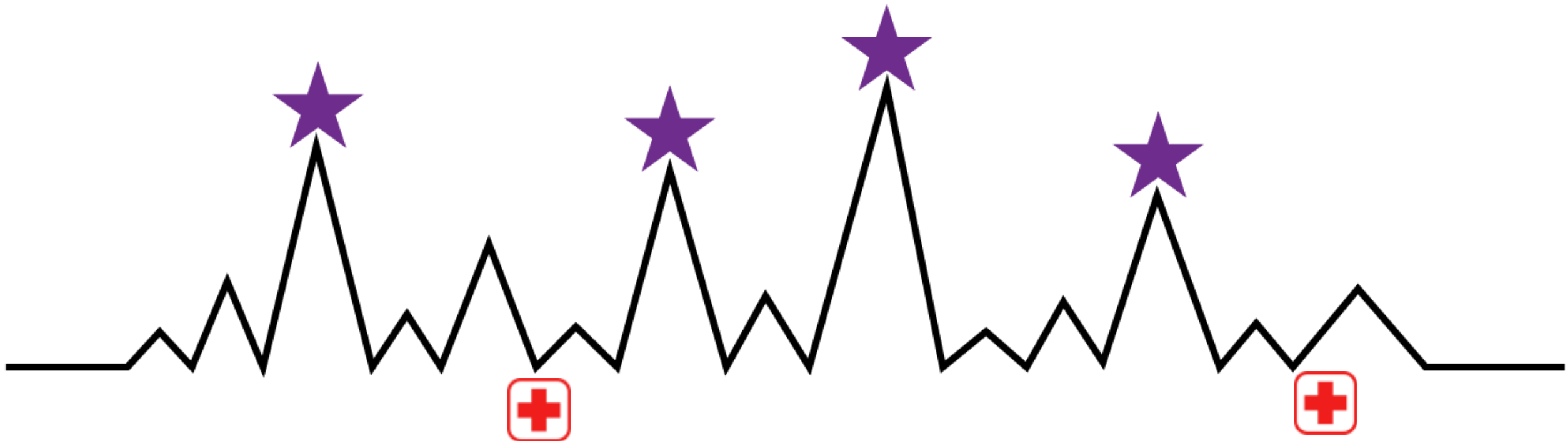


Canadian Institute for Health Information, Child and youth mental health in Canada [infographic]. 2020.



“My appointment will be in May.
However, as of right now I have no
idea what will be happening
because of the pandemic.” *[LYiTS
Study Participant, 2020]*

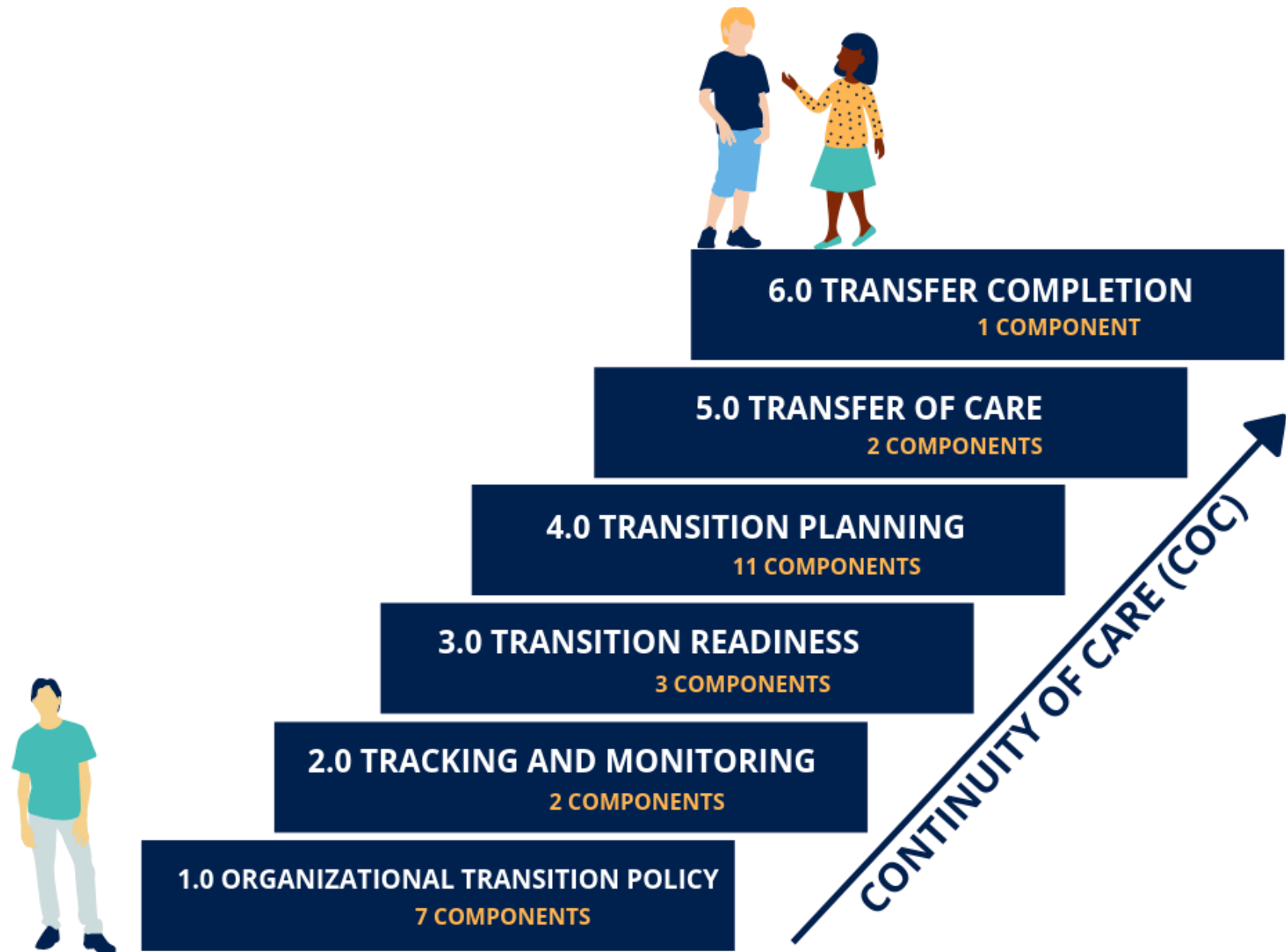






Core Components of Transitions from Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services

What do we mean by **core components**?





6.0 TRANSFER COMPLETION
1 COMPONENT

5.0 TRANSFER OF CARE
2 COMPONENTS

4.0 TRANSITION PLANNING
11 COMPONENTS

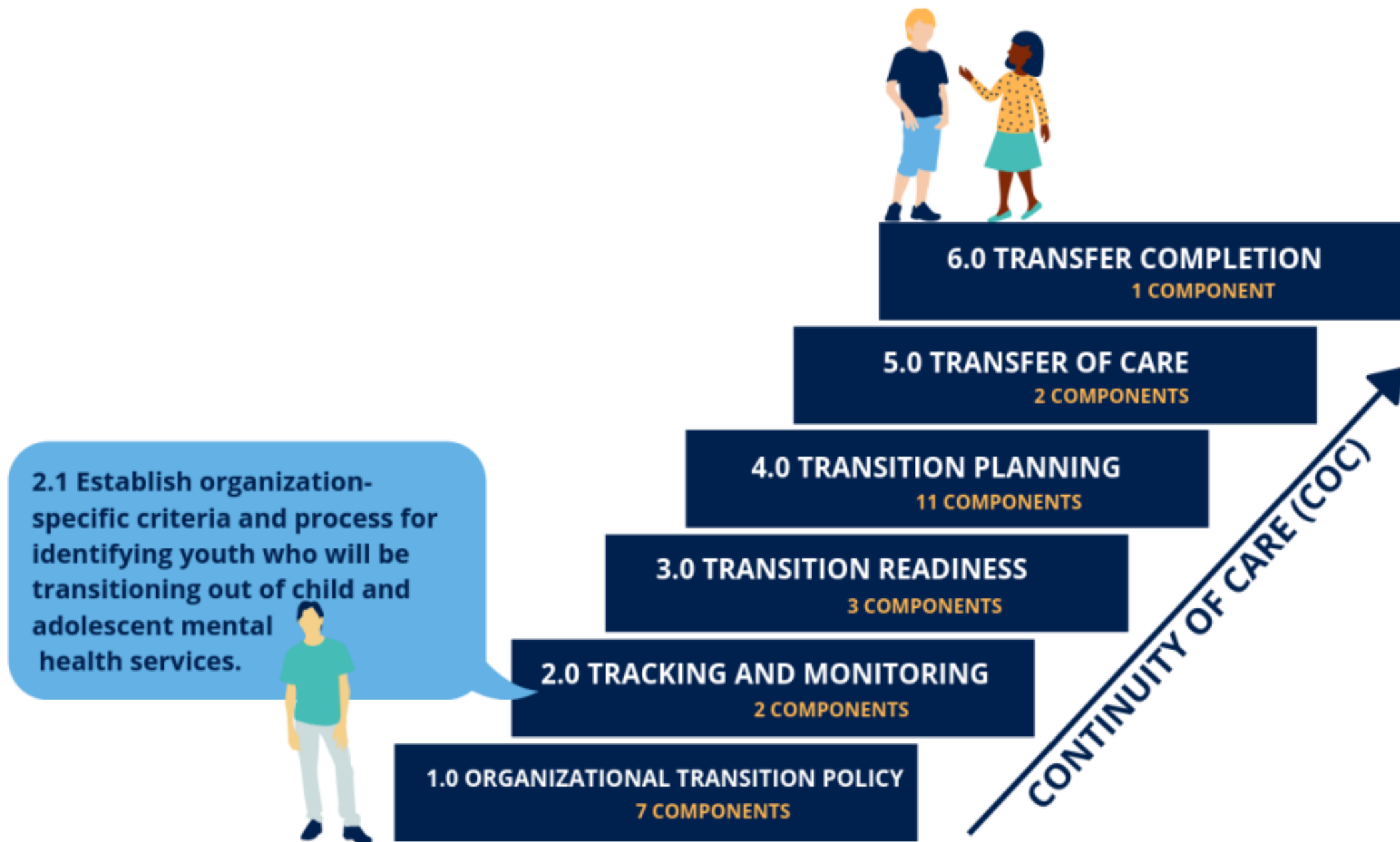
3.0 TRANSITION READINESS
3 COMPONENTS

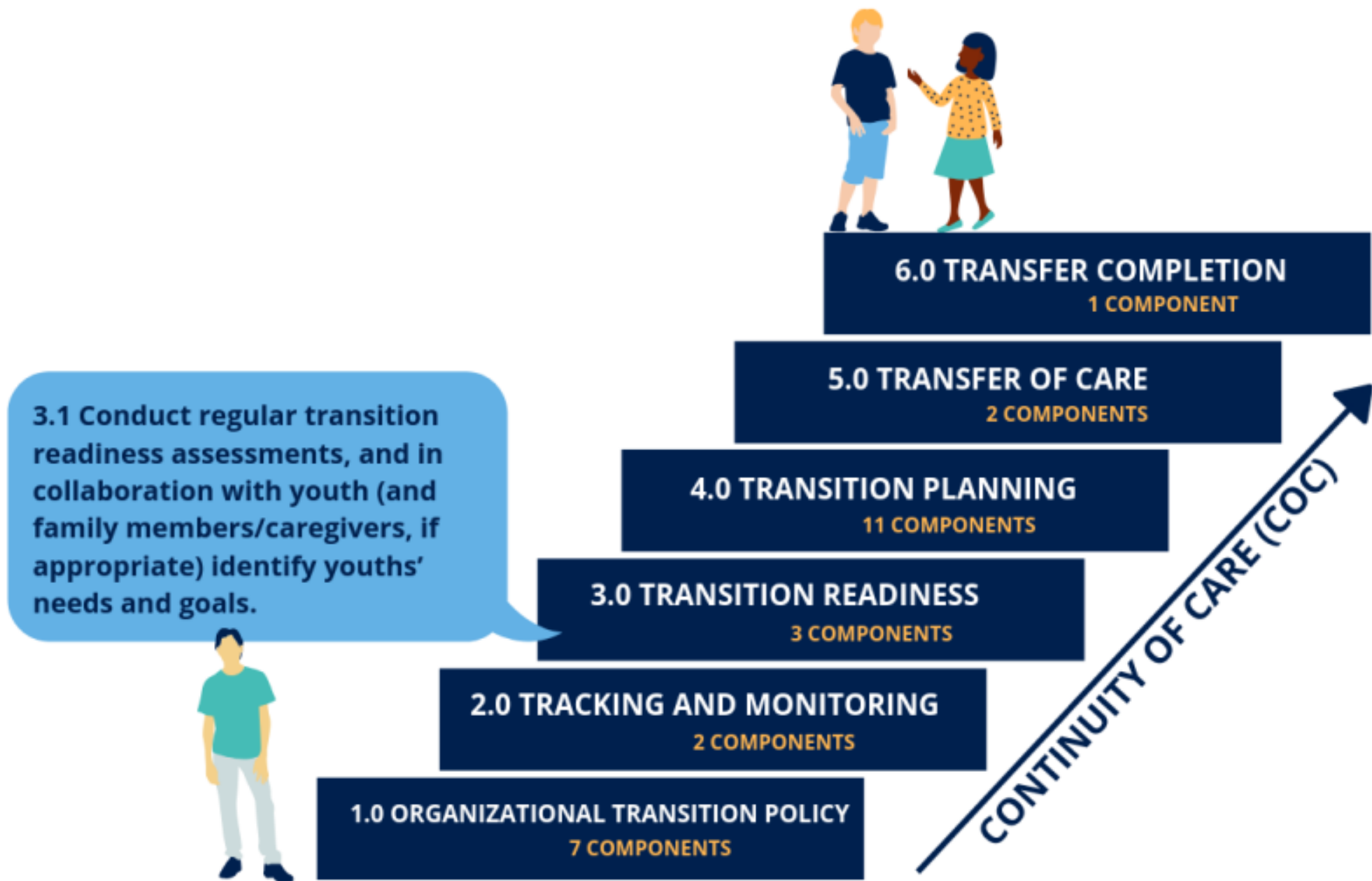
2.0 TRACKING AND MONITORING
2 COMPONENTS

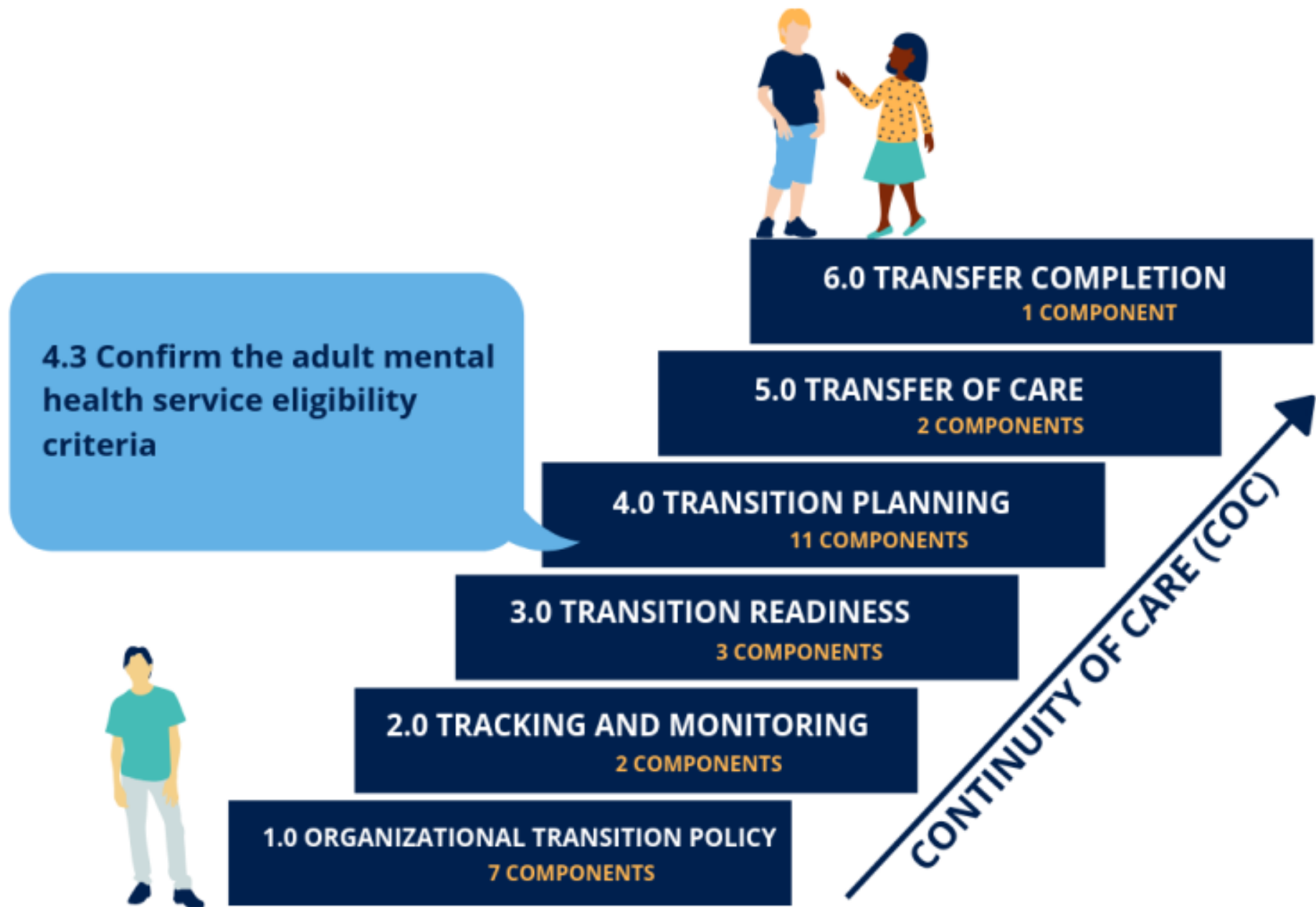
1.0 ORGANIZATIONAL TRANSITION POLICY
7 COMPONENTS

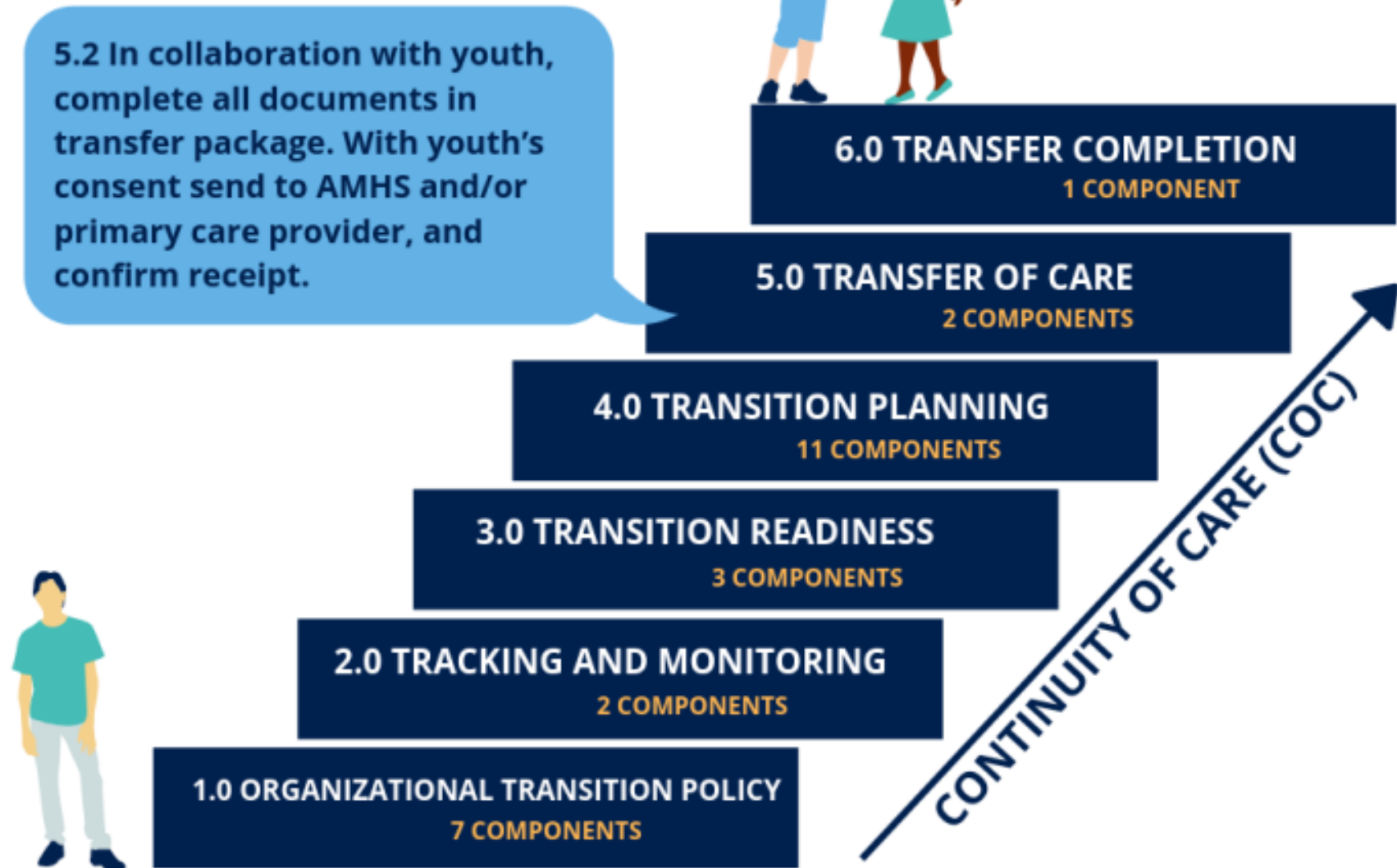
CONTINUITY OF CARE (COC)

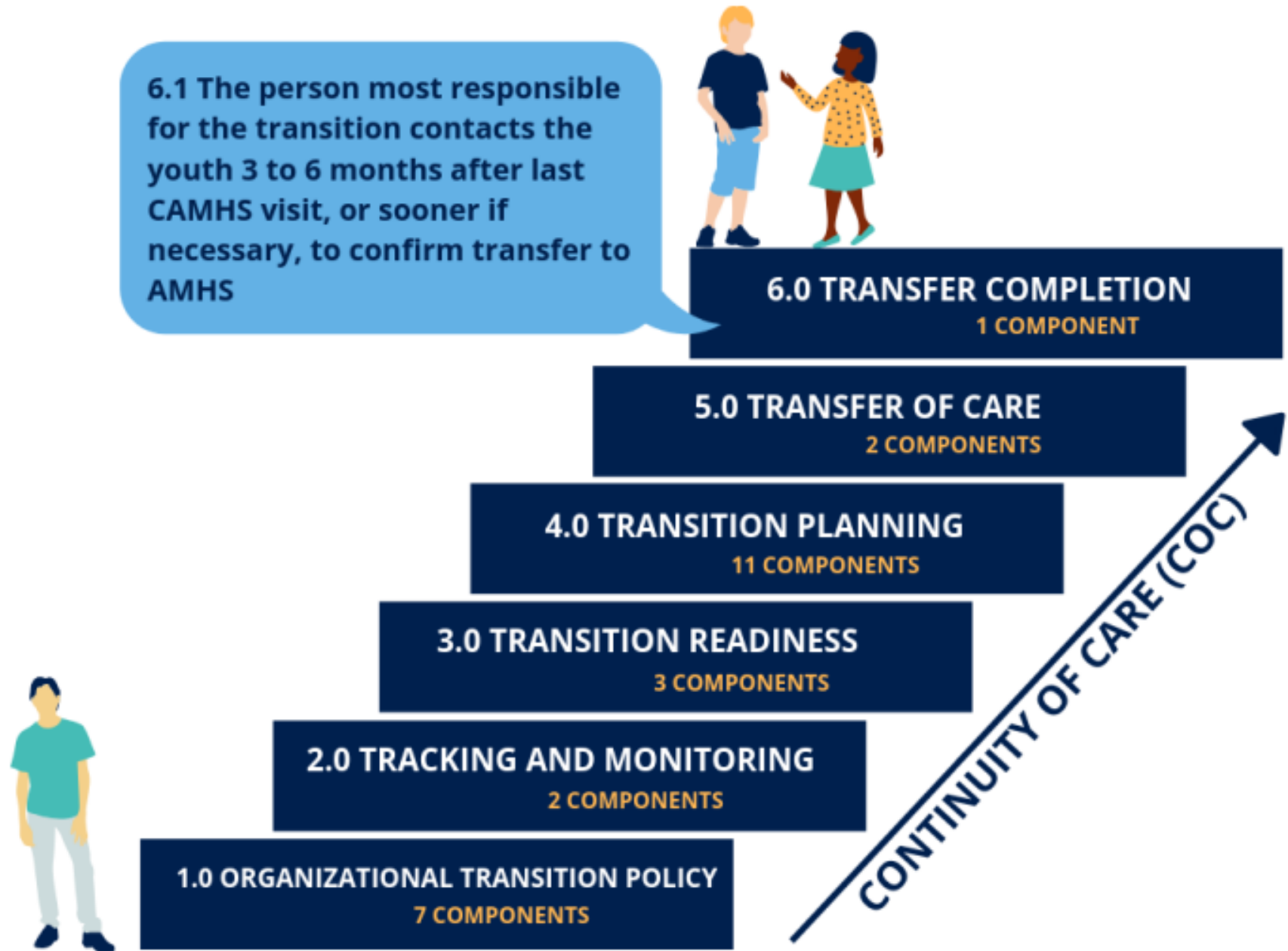
1.4 Ensure that all staff have the knowledge, skills and training to effectively support the agency/ service's approach to transitions.













Developing Core Components

Expert Advisory Committee (EAC)

Project Leads/ Researchers

Kristin Cleverley
Researcher; Principal Investigator

David O'Brien
Principal Knowledge User

Peter Szatmari
Researcher

Kathryn Bennett
Researcher

Lianne Jeffs
Researcher

Joanna Henderson
Researcher

Patient Partners

Joshua Miller
Youth Engagement Initiative (YEI) -
NYAC Lead

Jessica Rong
Youth Engagement Initiative (YEI) -
NYAC Lead

Lynn Courey
Sashbear Foundation

Emily Rowland
Sibling

Emma McCann
Youth Engagement Initiative (YEI) -
NYAC Lead

Knowledge Users (KUs)/ Partners

Kimberly Moran
Knowledge User - CMHO

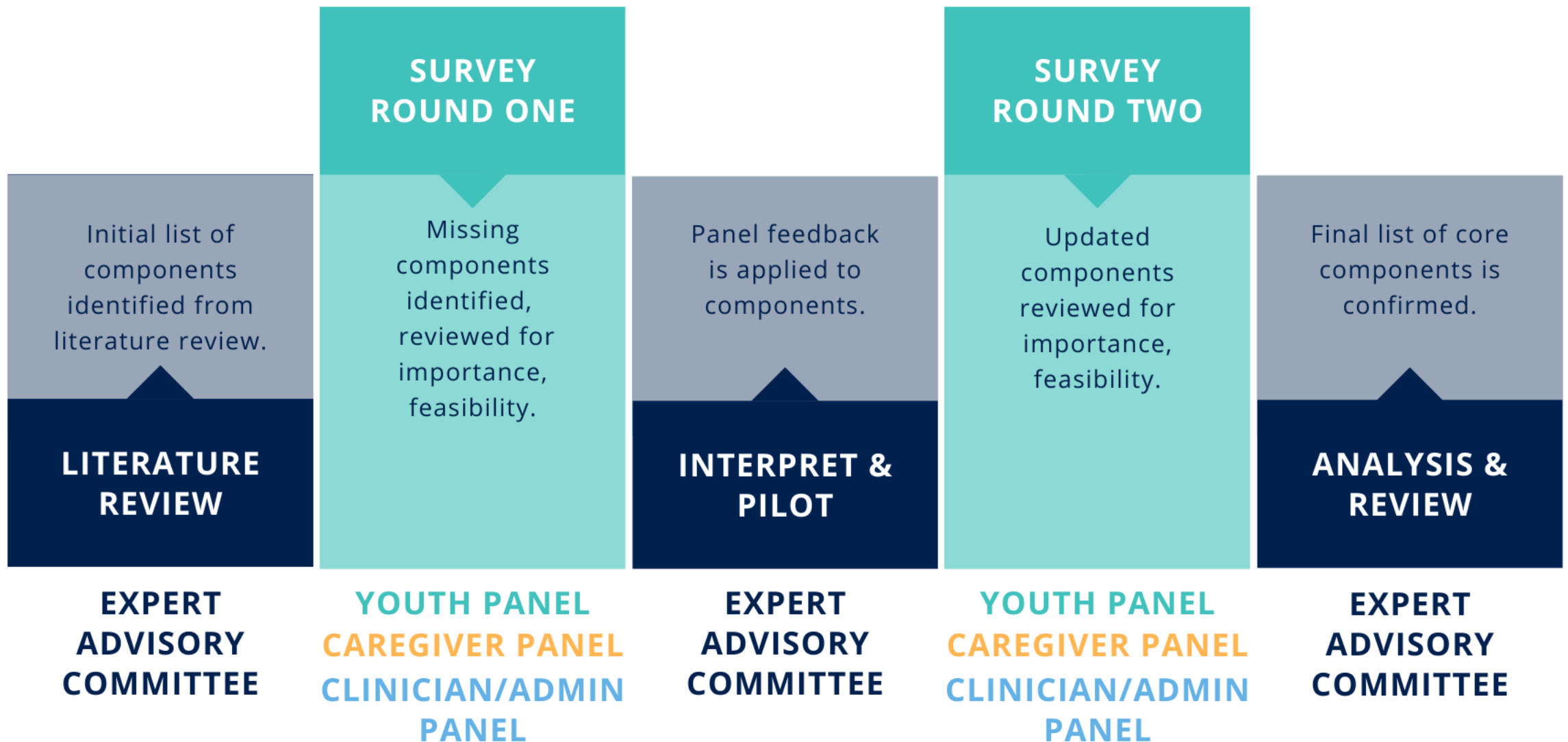
Antonio Pignatiello
Knowledge User - SickKids

Gloria Chaim
Knowledge User - CAMH

SISC - PSSP
Partner - CAMH

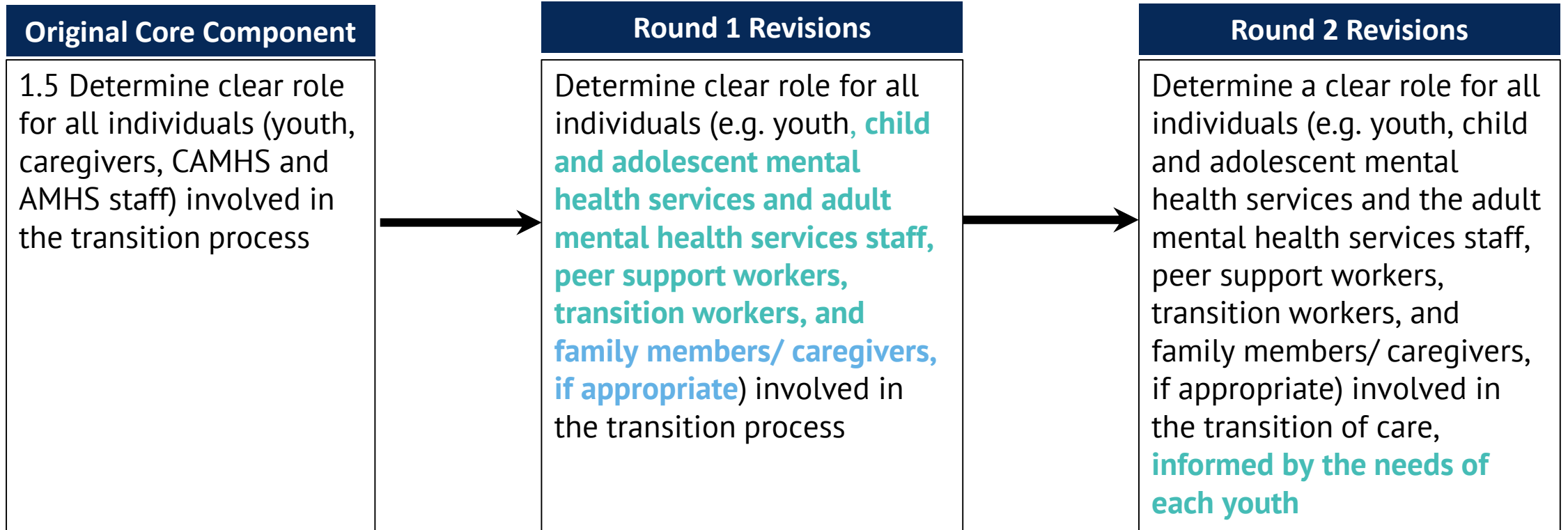
EENet
Partner

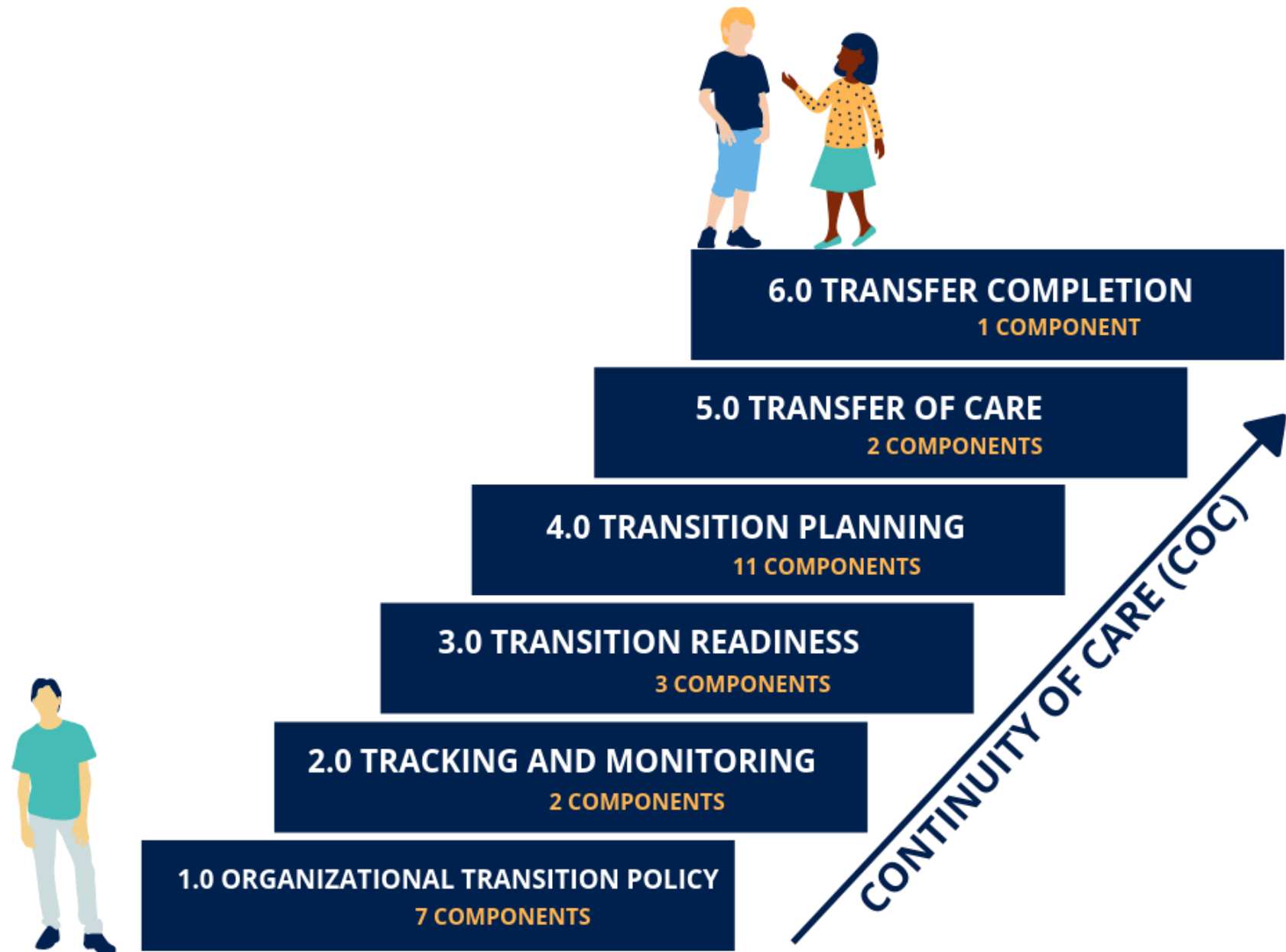












CLINICIANS

100% HIGHLY IMPORTANT

1.6 Partner with the youth (and family members/caregivers, if appropriate) at all phases of transition and decision-making

4.2 Collaborate with youth (and family members/caregivers, if invited by youth) to identify adult services that are an appropriate fit

4.8 With youth's consent, communicate processes with primary care provider (i.e. family physician, nurse practitioner, and pharmacist) to ensure they have consistent up-to-date medication and treatment information

YOUTH

88.9% HIGHLY IMPORTANT; *94.4%

1.3 Develop a youth-centered and developmentally appropriate transition protocol in collaboration with both the child and adolescent mental health services and the adult mental health services, that outlines standards for communication and information sharing

1.4 Ensure that all staff have the knowledge, skills and training to effectively support the agency/services approach to transitions

4.2* Collaborate with youth (and family members/caregivers, if invited by youth) to identify adult services that are an appropriate fit

6.1 The person most responsible for the transition, contacts the youth (and family members/caregivers, if appropriate) 3 to 6 months after last child and adolescent mental health service visit, or sooner if necessary, to confirm transfer to adult mental health services

CAREGIVERS

100% HIGHLY IMPORTANT

1.4 Ensure that all staff have the knowledge, skills and training to effectively support the agency/services approach to transitions

4.9 Provide youth and caregiver(s) with up-to-date contact information for developmentally appropriate self-care management resources, community supports, and community mental health resources

4.10 Provide developmentally appropriate community and health resources to the youth (and their family members/caregivers, if appropriate), in the event that the youth does not transition to adult mental health services, withdraws from adult mental health services, or only desires episodic contact with adult mental health services

ROUND 2, IMPORTANCE			
OUTCOMES	PROPORTION 7-9 SCORE		
	CLINICIANS	CAREGIVERS	YOUTH
1.1			
1.2			
1.3			
1.4			
1.5			
1.6			
1.7			
2.1			
2.2			
3.1			
3.2			
3.3			
4.1			
4.2			
4.3			
4.4			
4.5			
4.6			
4.7			
4.8			
4.9			
4.10			
4.11			
5.1			
5.2			
6.1			

ROUND 2, FEASIBILITY			
OUTCOMES	PROPORTION 7-9 SCORE		
	CLINICIANS	CAREGIVERS	YOUTH
1.1			
1.2			
1.3			
1.4			
1.5			
1.6			
1.7			
2.1			
2.2			
3.1			
3.2			
3.3			
4.1			
4.2			
4.3			
4.4			
4.5			
4.6			
4.7			
4.8			
4.9			
4.10			
4.11			
5.1			
5.2			
6.1			



Implementing Core Components

CHALLENGES AND FACILITATORS

in the implementation
and uptake of core
components

Challenges in Care Transitions

Shifting awareness of the meaning of transition

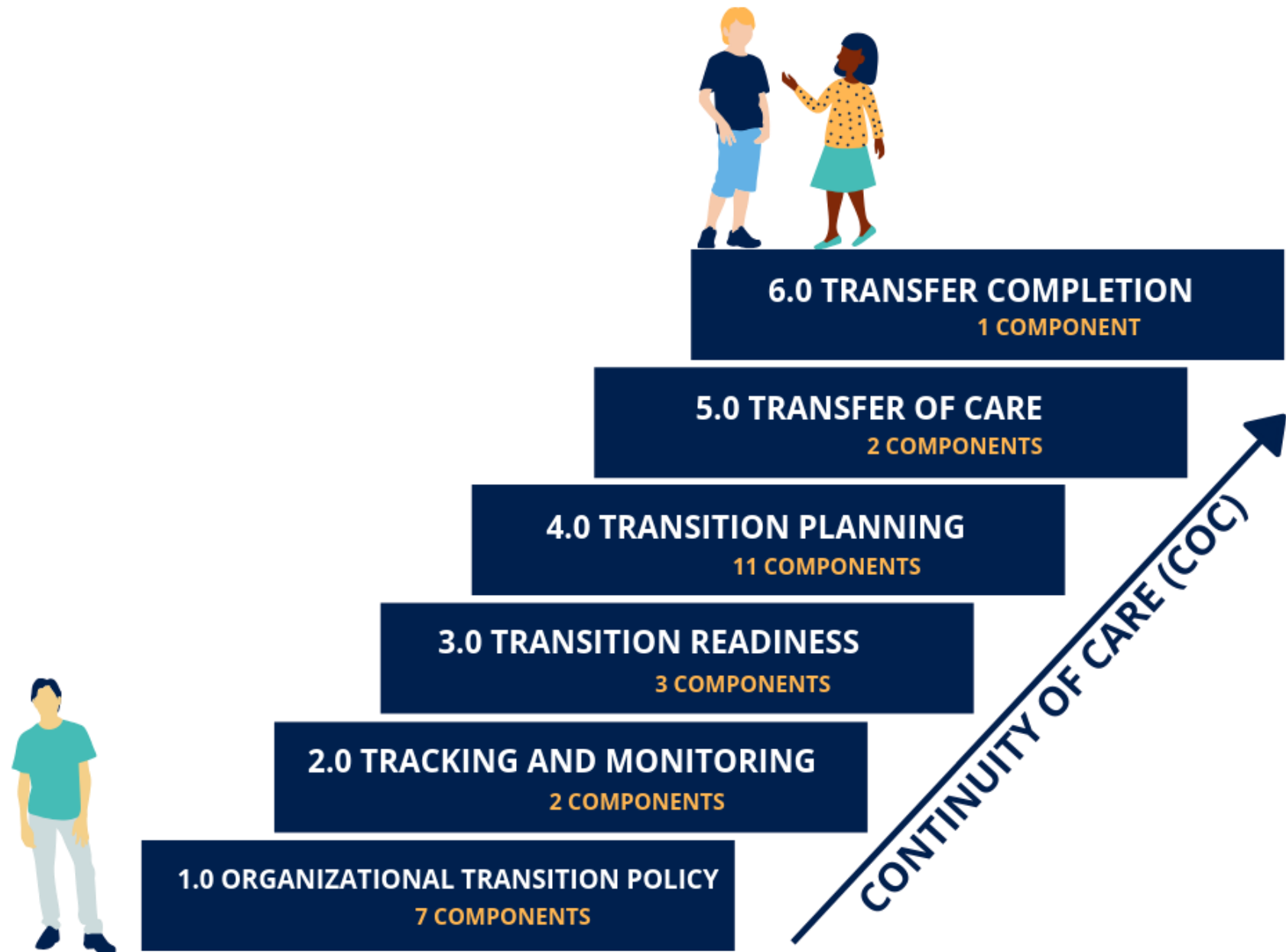
Ready or not to transition

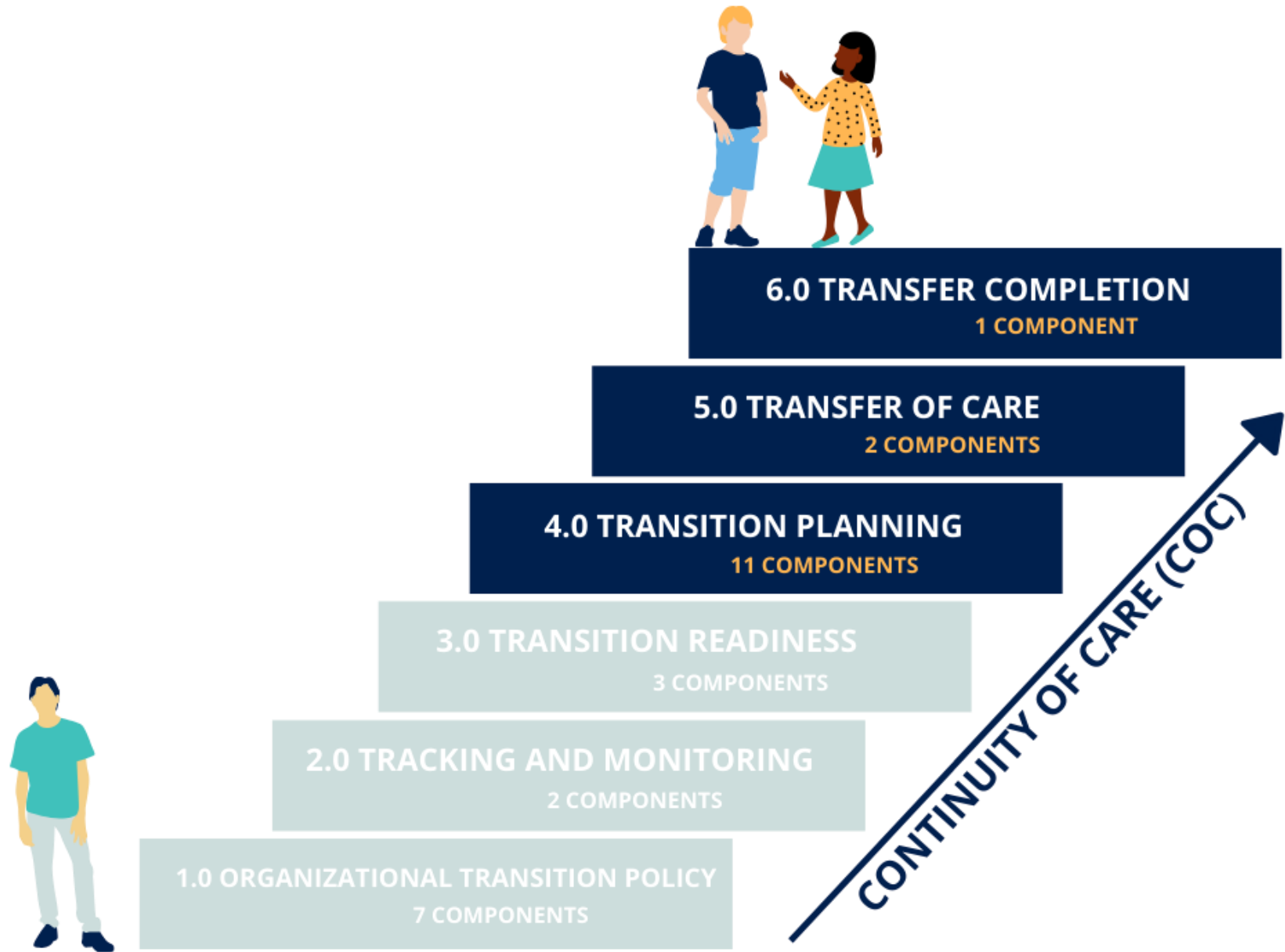
Mixed reaction to the transitional age of 18

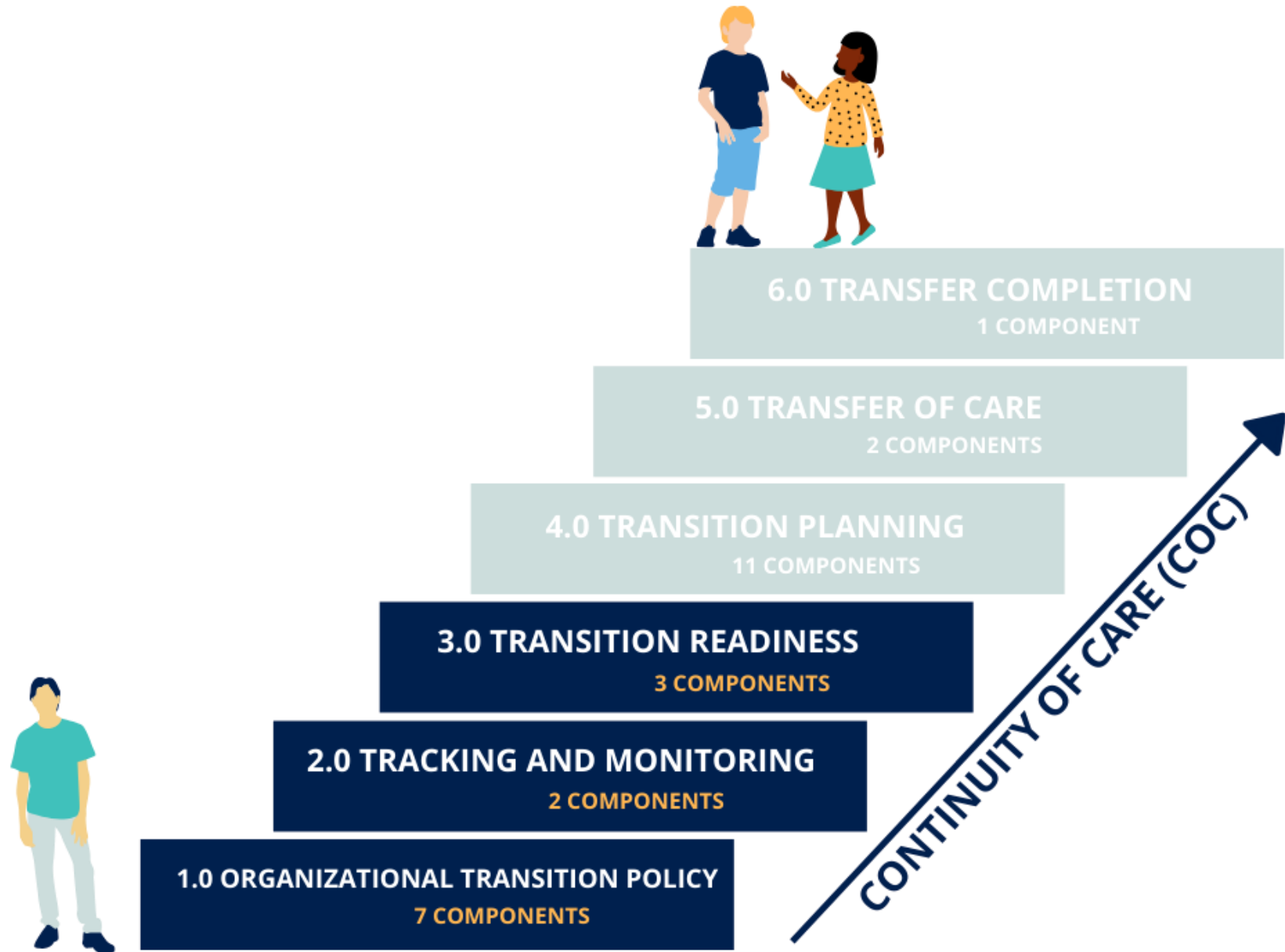
Lack of information, preparation, and involvement in the transition planning process

Confusion around roles and responsibilities within the transition process

Concern over transition gaps leading to poor mental health service outcomes







Facilitators in care transitions

Strategic integration of
stakeholder perspective

Cross-sectoral lens

Focus on whole community
readiness

Transparency of process

Equal voice to all
stakeholders

5 recommendations for implementation

Components do **not** need to be
implemented all at once.



Identifying Components to Implement in Your Setting

Engage with youth, family, and clinicians throughout the process

Consider patient population and intervention components

Include feasibility when selecting indicators

Look to other standards of care - don't reinvent the wheel

Components should be adapted to **suit
your context.**

Organizational

Community

Context matters!

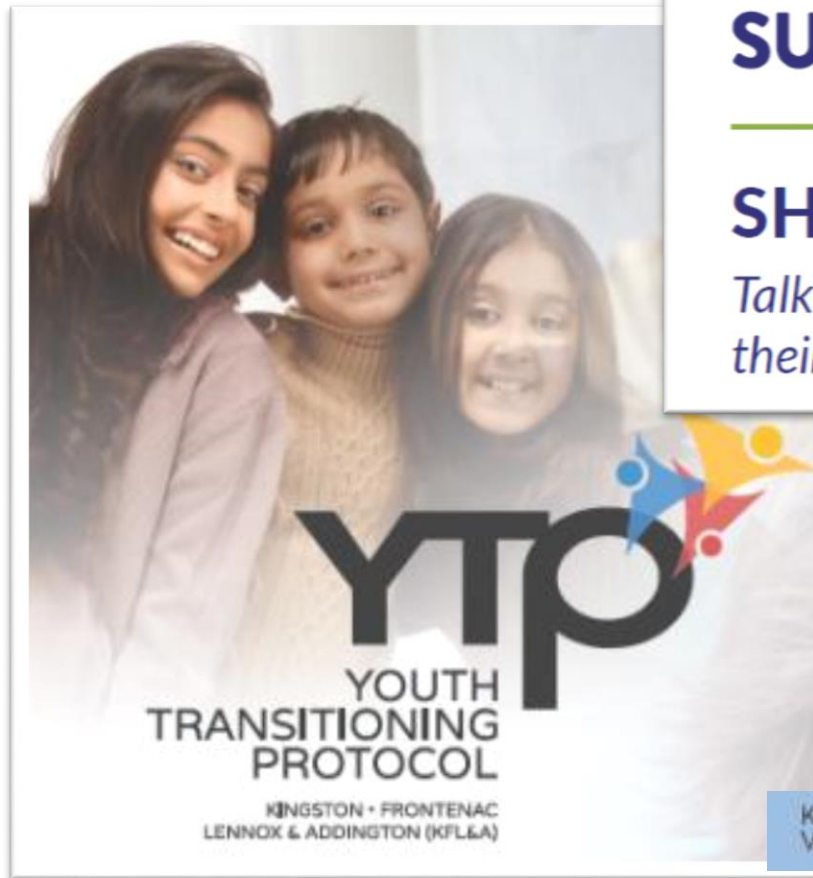
Individual

Global

Transition Protocols

1.3 Develop a youth-centered and developmentally appropriate transition protocol in collaboration with both the child and adolescent mental health services and the adult mental health services, that outlines standards for communication and information sharing.

Transition Protocols



SURREY PLACE

Developmental Disabilities
Primary Care Program

SHARE Transition Plan

Talking about transition with young people with developmental disabilities and their families

Kingston, Frontenac, Lennox & Addington | October 2015
Version 6.5

PODS Discharge Summary

The PODS ToolKit



_____'s Care Guide

I came to hospital on ____/____/____ and left on ____/____/____

I came in because I have _____

my own notes

 **Medications I need to take**

My medication list has been provided and explained to me ☐

 **How I might feel and what to do**

I might feel	What to do	Go to Emergency if:

 **Changes to my routine**

Activity (i.e. dietary, physical)	Instruction

 **Appointments I have to go to**

Go see _____ for _____ on ____/____/____ at ____:____ am/pm

Location: _____ ☎ _____ ☐ booked

Go see _____ for _____ on ____/____/____ at ____:____ am/pm

Location: _____ ☎ _____ ☐ booked

 **Where to go for more information**

For _____ call/go to _____ ☎ _____

For _____ call/go to _____ ☎ _____

For _____ call/go to _____ ☎ _____

Patient Signature: _____

Focus on **readiness** & capacity building.

Care Navigator

4.6 Identify the most responsible person (i.e. child and adolescent mental health services clinician, transition worker) to coordinate the transition process, act as the main contact, and ensure continuity in the youth's care.



Prioritize through policy and **process**.

Transition Policy

1.2 Develop an organization-specific transition policy with youth (*with input from family members/ caregivers*) that describes the organization's approach to mental health care transitions, and make it publicly available.



Care navigator tracking database

2.2 Establish a transition flow sheet or log book that tracks the completion of important steps as youth transition out of child and adolescent mental health services.

[illegible]

Evaluate at every stage.

Care Transition Measures

Core Components Of Effective Youth Transition (CCEYT) Checklist

Element 1. Transition Readiness					
Component	Strongly Agree	Agree Somewhat	Unsure	Disagree Somewhat	Strongly Disagree
My navigator...					
1.1 Conducted regular transition readiness assessments, and, in collaboration with me (and my family members/caregivers, if appropriate), identified my needs and goals and updated them regularly.					
1.2 Provided me (and my family members/caregivers, if appropriate) information about what to expect from the program/services where I was being transitioned to.					
1.3 Developed an individualized transition plan in					

Care Transition Measures

Navigation Satisfaction Tool (NAVSAT)



Part I: Navigation Service

Item	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. How satisfied are you with the Navigator's ability to listen and understand your concerns?	Extremely Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Fairly Dissatisfied	Not dissatisfied nor satisfied	Fairly Satisfied	Satisfied	Extremely Satisfied
2. How satisfied are you with the information given about potential treatment options for your child/family member?	Extremely Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Fairly Dissatisfied	Not dissatisfied nor satisfied	Fairly Satisfied	Satisfied	Extremely Satisfied
3. How satisfied are you with how the Navigator understood the impact of the situation on your family?	Extremely Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Fairly Dissatisfied	Not dissatisfied nor satisfied	Fairly Satisfied	Satisfied	Extremely Satisfied

Transition Follow up

6.1 The person most responsible for the transition, contacts the youth (and family members/caregivers, if appropriate) 3 to 6 months after last child and adolescent mental health service visit, or sooner if necessary, to confirm transfer to adult mental health services.

Next Steps

[Our Publications](#)[Our Presentations](#)[Resource Toolbox](#)

Below are some external resources we recommend if you are interested in learning more about youth mental health and healthcare transitions. Clicking on the links will open the resource or website in a new tab.

[UNDERSTANDING THE YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH LANDSCAPE](#)[YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH TRANSITIONS](#)[GUIDELINES FOR TRANSITIONS IN CARE](#)[ENGAGING YOUTH AND FAMILY PERSPECTIVES](#)[POST-SECONDARY TRANSITIONS](#)

TRANSITIONS TOOLKIT

Operationalizing the
Delphi core components
in collaboration with
youth, caregivers, and
clinicians.

IMPLEMENTATION TRAINING

SickKids Centre for
Community Mental Health
Learning Institute

April 21 & 28, 2021

Health Quality Ontario

Let's make our health system healthier

Transitions From Youth
To Adult Health Care
Services



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cleverleylab.com

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